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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/887,204	06/22/2001	Moshe Fleshner-Barak	1662/53002	7559
26646 7590 06/04/2007 KENYON & KENYON LLP ONE BROADWAY NEW YORK, NY 10004				
			EXAMINER FUBARA, BLESSING M	
			ART UNIT 1618	PAPER NUMBER
			MAIL DATE 06/04/2007	DELIVERY MODE PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/887,204

Applicant(s)

FLESHNER-BARAK ET AL.

Examiner

Blessing M. Fubara

Art Unit

1618

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 March 2007.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 90-96, 113 and 114 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 90-96, 113 and 114 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>4/17/07, 3/21/03; 1/24/02</u> | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Examiner acknowledges receipt request for extension of time, request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, amendment and remarks filed 9/26/06. Claims 90, 92 and 93 are amended. New claims 113 and 114 are added. Claims 90-96, 113 and 114 are pending.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 3/19/07 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

Previous rejections that are not reiterated herein are withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

3. Claims 90-96, 113 and 114 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter, which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the

Art Unit: 1618

relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. This is New Matter rejection.

Claims 90 and 92 recite that the first particles are into the stomach. The specification as filed does not contain a section where the methylphenidate is released from the first and second particles are released into the stomach. 35 U.S.C. 132(a) provides that “[n]o amendment shall introduce new matter into the disclosure of the invention.”

The above rejection may be overcome by removing the new matter.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Art Unit: 1618

6. Claims 90-96, 113 and 114 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Burnside et al. (US 6,322,819) in view of Swanson et al. (US 4,326,525).

Burnside discloses multiple pulsed dose drug delivery system (abstract) comprising a core (column 6, lines 52-56) that includes one or more amphetamine salts coated with immediate release coating and one or more amphetamine salts that are covered with enteric coating (column 3, lines 25-48; column 4), and additives, the additives are binders, disintegration agent, filling agent, surfactant, solubilizers and stabilizers (column 6, line 64; column 7, lines 1, 6, 11, 14 and 18). Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose is an example of a binder additive (column 6, lines 63-67); cross-linked carboxymethylcellulose (AC-DISOL), sodium starch glycolate (EXPLOTAB), crosslinked polyvinylpyrrolidone (PLASDONE XL) are examples of disintegration agents (column 7, lines 1-5); mannitol, lactose, polyethylene glycol are few of the fillers in Burnside (column 7, lines 6-10); PLURONIC is a surfactant in Burnside (column 7, lines 10-13); methylphenidate is specifically disclosed as an amphetamine derivative (column 7, lines 48-55).

The cross-linked carboxymethylcellulose (AC-DISOL), sodium starch glycolate (EXPLOTAB), crosslinked polyvinylpyrrolidone (PLASDONE XL) meet the limitation of the claimed disintegration agents. Claims 113 and 114 recite the properties of the composition and the recited properties are inherent to the composition.

Burnside discloses a composition comprising disintegration agent and methylphenidate and the composition is multi-particulate with some cores coated with enteric coating material and others coated with immediate release coating materials. The formulation of Burnside does not contain tannic acid or tannin or gallototannic acid.

Art Unit: 1618

However, Swanson discloses a dosage form containing methylphenidate (column 7, line 16), tannic acid (column 7, line 44; column 8, line 16). Thus, Swanson is relied upon for disclosing methylphenidate formulation that comprises tannic acid. The claims recite ranges in amounts of superdisintegrants, hydrogel and tannic acid. However, there is no demonstration that the recited amounts provides unexpected results to the claimed dosage form. Specifically, Burnside is silent in the amounts of these ingredients, which implies that any amount in any combination would provide formulation for the effective release of methylphenidate. Furthermore, the claimed broad ranges suggests varied combinations in varied amounts. In the absence of factual evidence, the recited amounts of the hydrogel composition, the tannic acid and the superdisintegrants would not distinguish the claimed invention over the prior art.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to prepare the methylphenidate multi-core dosage form according to Burnside. One having ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to include tannic acid in the formulation of Burnside with the expectation of producing and providing multiple pulsed dose of amphetamine salts and specifically methylphenidate.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments filed 3/19/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Burnside ('819) differs from the instant claims by not describing gastric retention vehicle that expands to promote retention of the dosage form in the patient's stomach in order to accomplish a pulsed gastric release; that Swanson ('525)

Art Unit: 1618

does not remedy Burnside because the Swanson reference does not disclose or suggest a gastric retention vehicle having the recited release characteristics. That Swanson discloses a device for the controlled release, rather than pulsed release of drugs.

Response:

8. Applicant argues against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. Examiner recognizes that combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion can only establish obviousness, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. In the present case, it is the combination of Burnside ('819) and Swanson ('525) that renders obvious the claimed composition. Expansion of the retention vehicle is a property of the vehicle, and to promote retention derives from the expandable properties of the vehicle, so that the combined teachings of Burnside and Swanson inherently possesses that property of expansion and from the expansion will be derived the effect of the vehicle when administered. Examiner agrees with applicant that neither of the references discloses the claimed invention individually, hence the references were not applied under 35 USC 102, but applied under obviousness rejection under 35 USC 103.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Blessing M. Fubara whose telephone number is (571) 272-0594. The examiner can normally be reached on 7 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. (Monday to Thursday).

Art Unit: 1618

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael G. Hartley can be reached on (571) 272-0616. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Blessing Fubara
Patent Examiner
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